

The background of the slide is a red-toned astronomical image showing a dense field of stars. A grid of dashed lines is overlaid on the image, representing a celestial coordinate system. The stars vary in brightness, with a few prominent ones. The overall color scheme is a deep red, with some brighter, white-yellow stars.

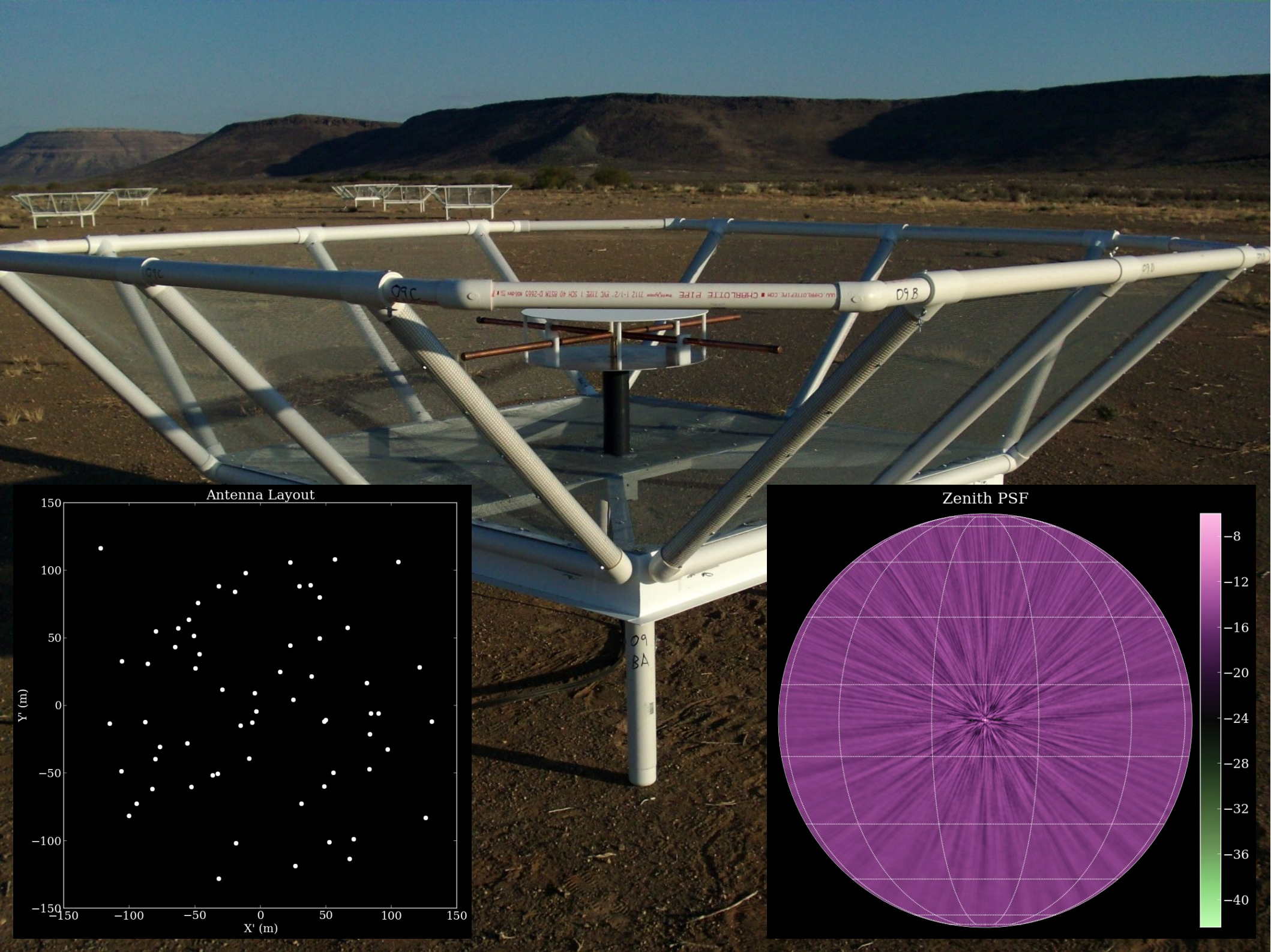
All-sky, full-polarization imaging with dipole arrays

Griffin Foster (and Gianni Bernardi)
RATT Group, Rhodes University

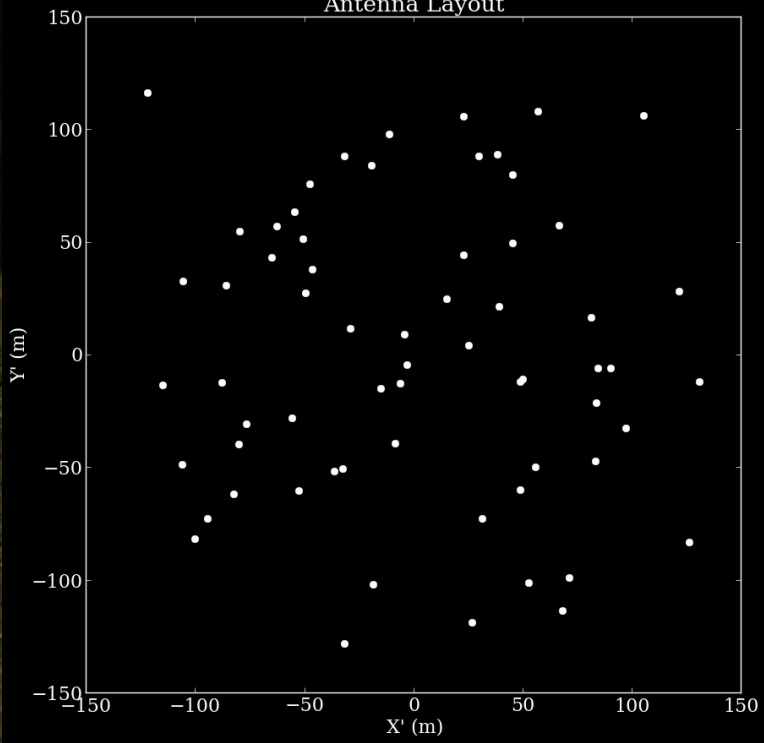
MIDPREP Workshop, March 31, 2014

Quick Overview of Talk

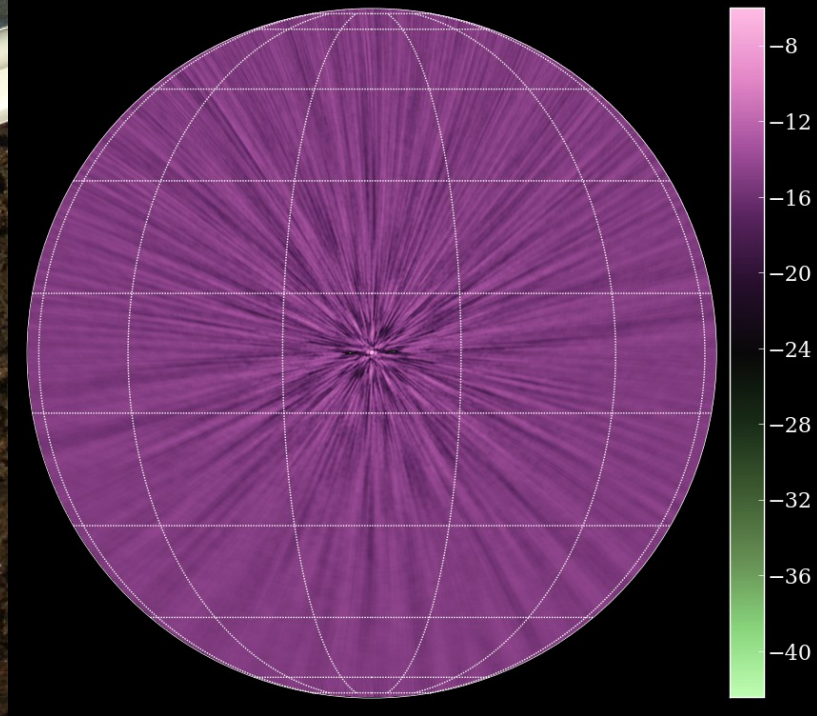
1. Calibration and Imaging with the PAPER minimally redundant array configuration
2. Current Work: Primary beam model, Galactic Structure

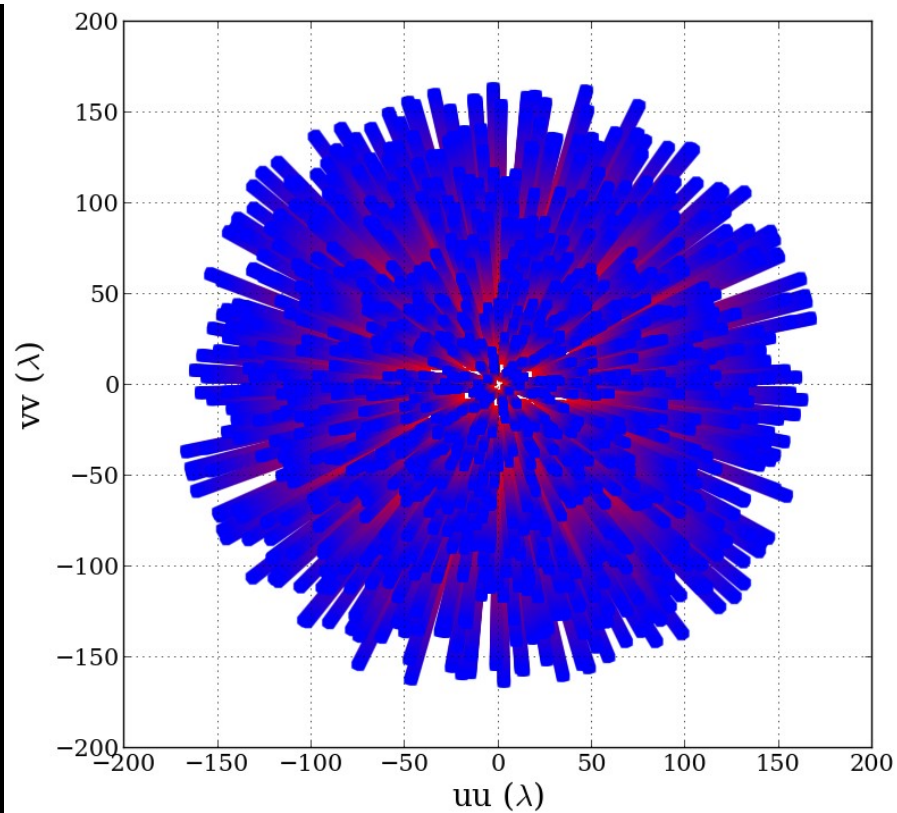
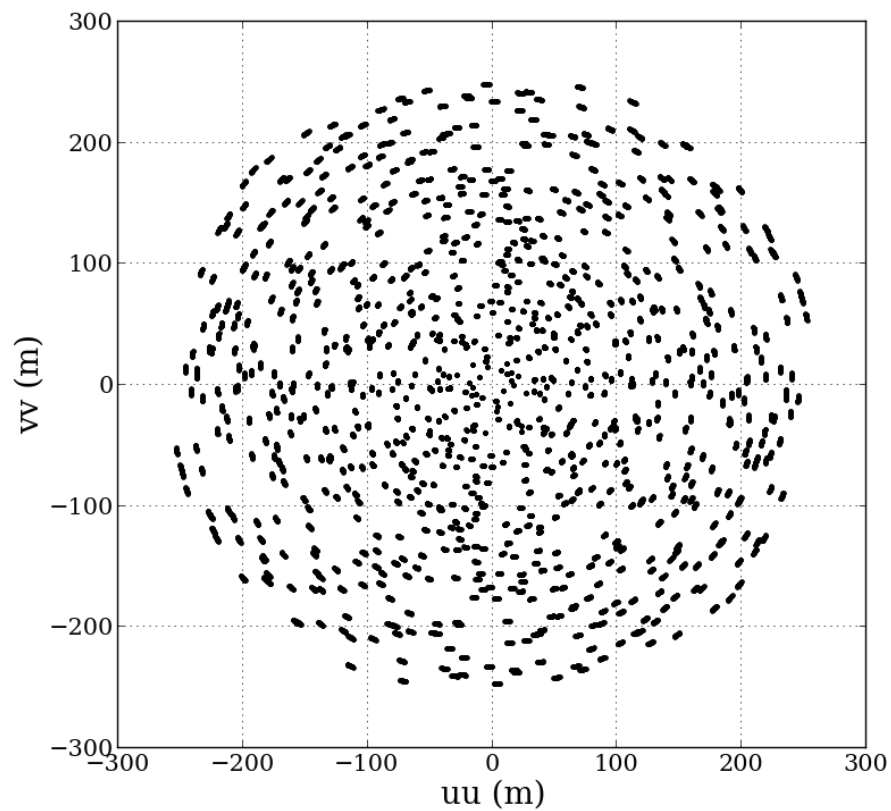
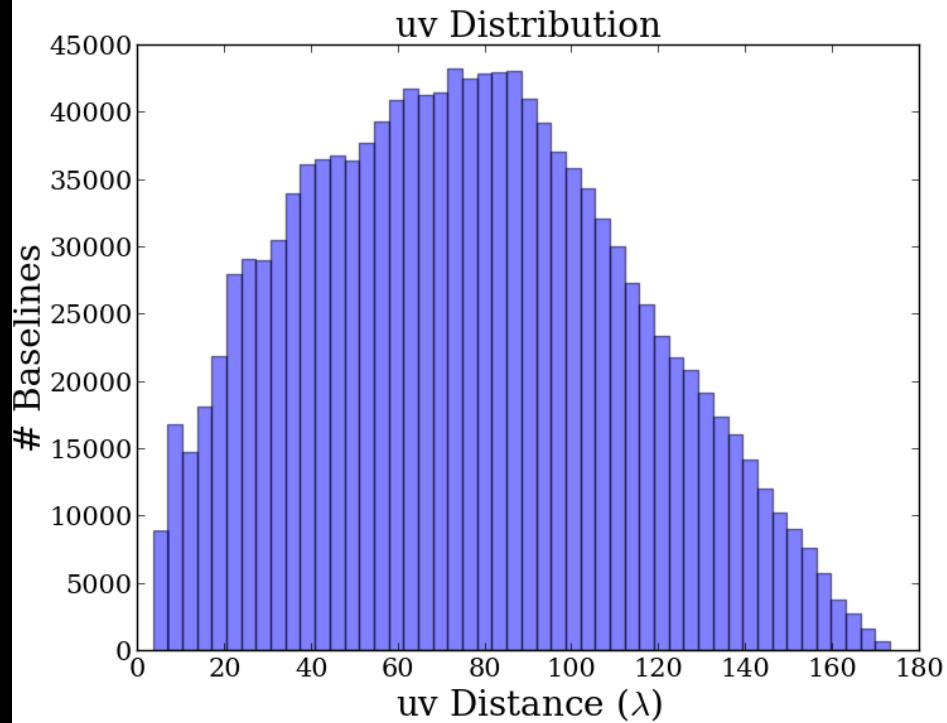
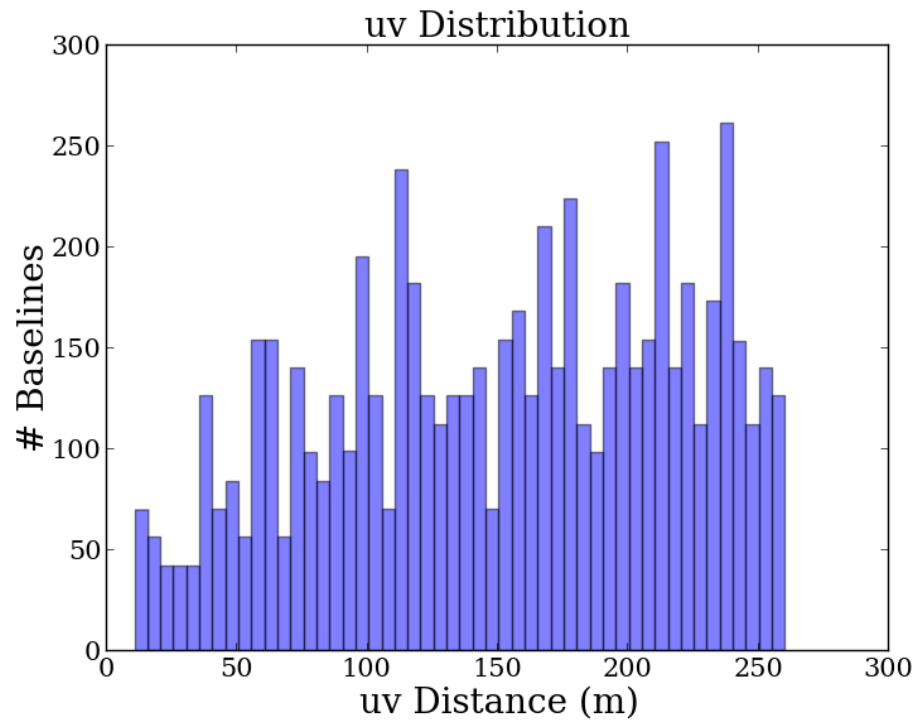


Antenna Layout

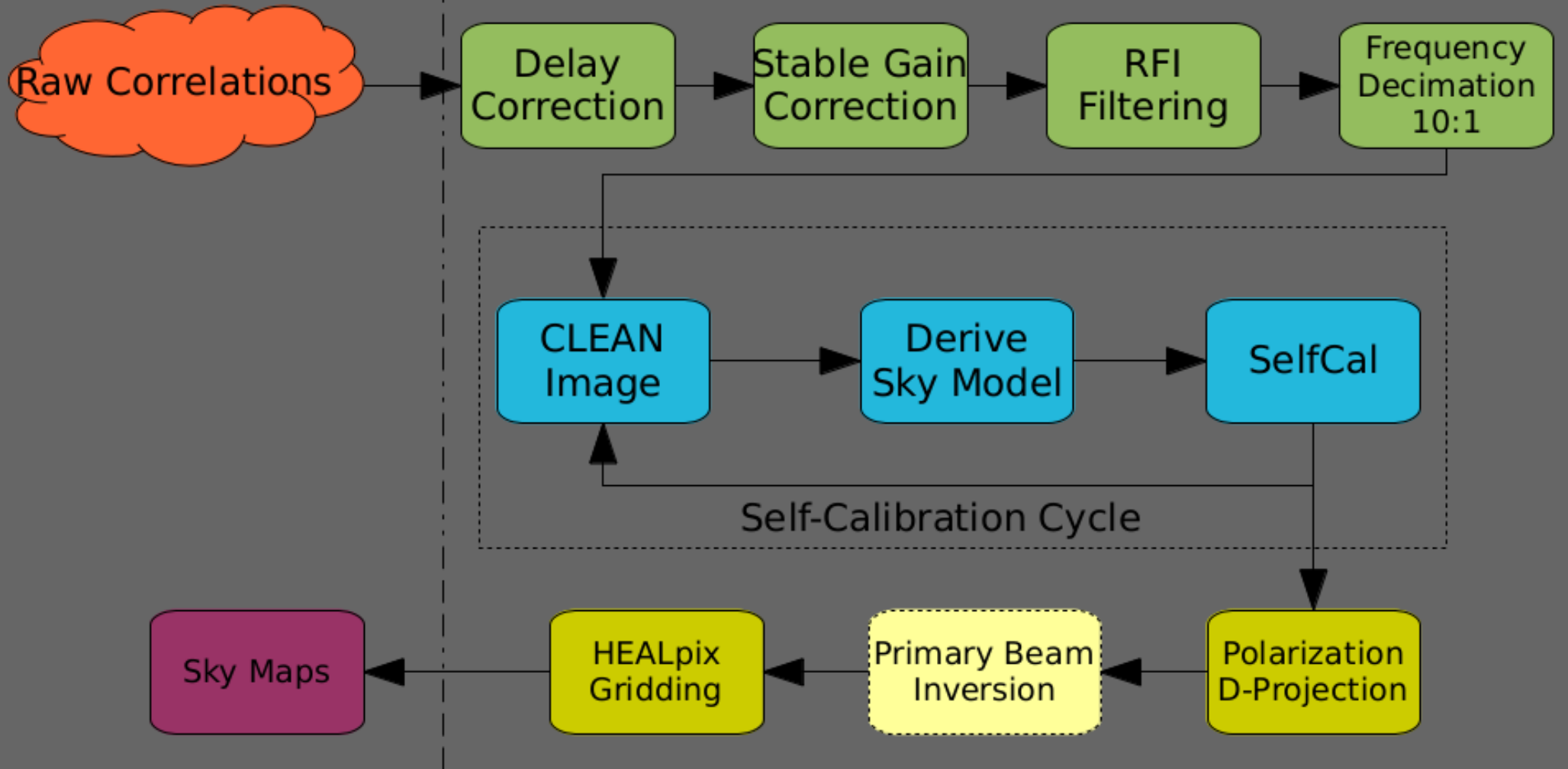


Zenith PSF

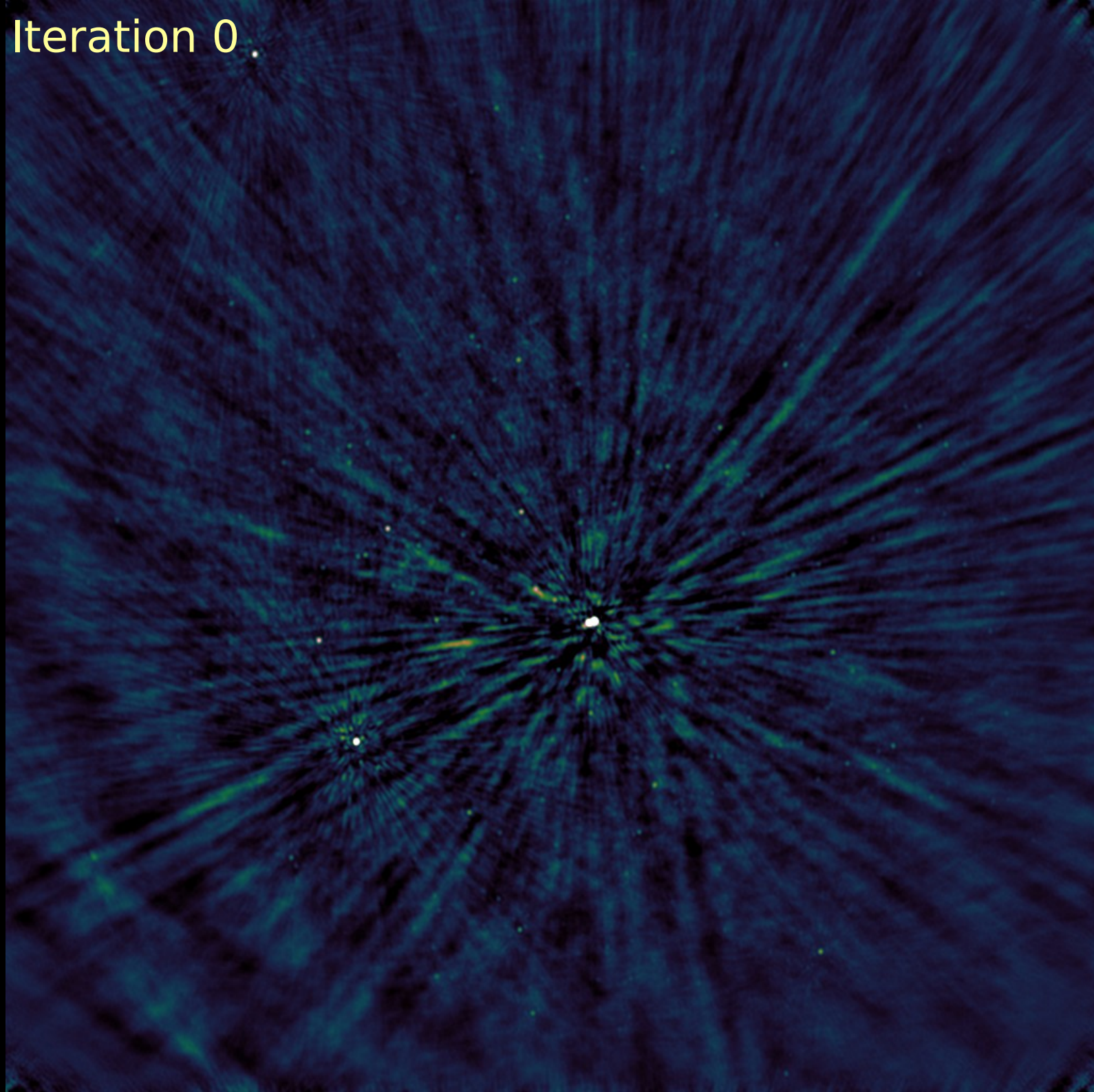




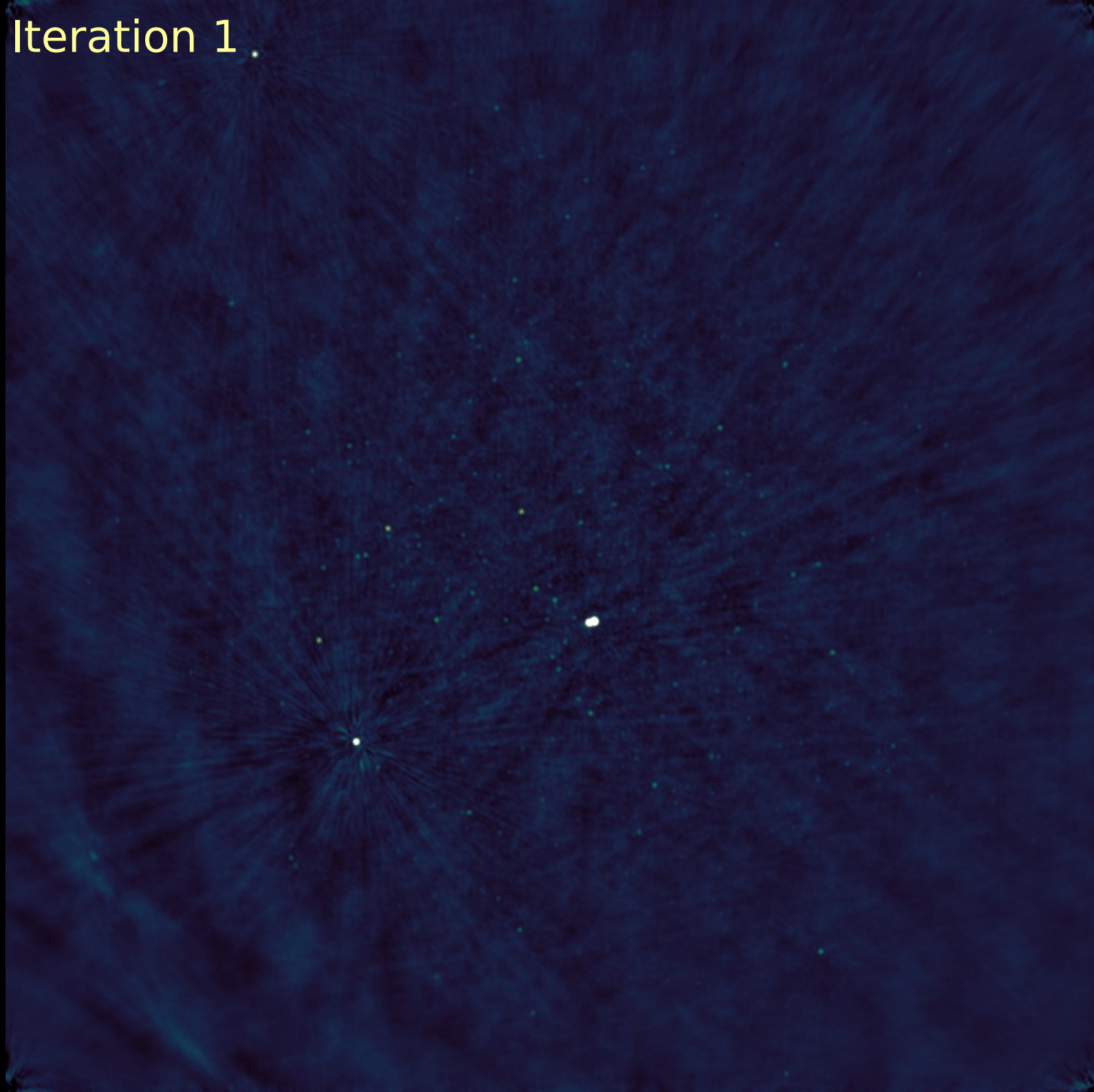
10 Minute Snapshot (full 100 MHz bandwidth)



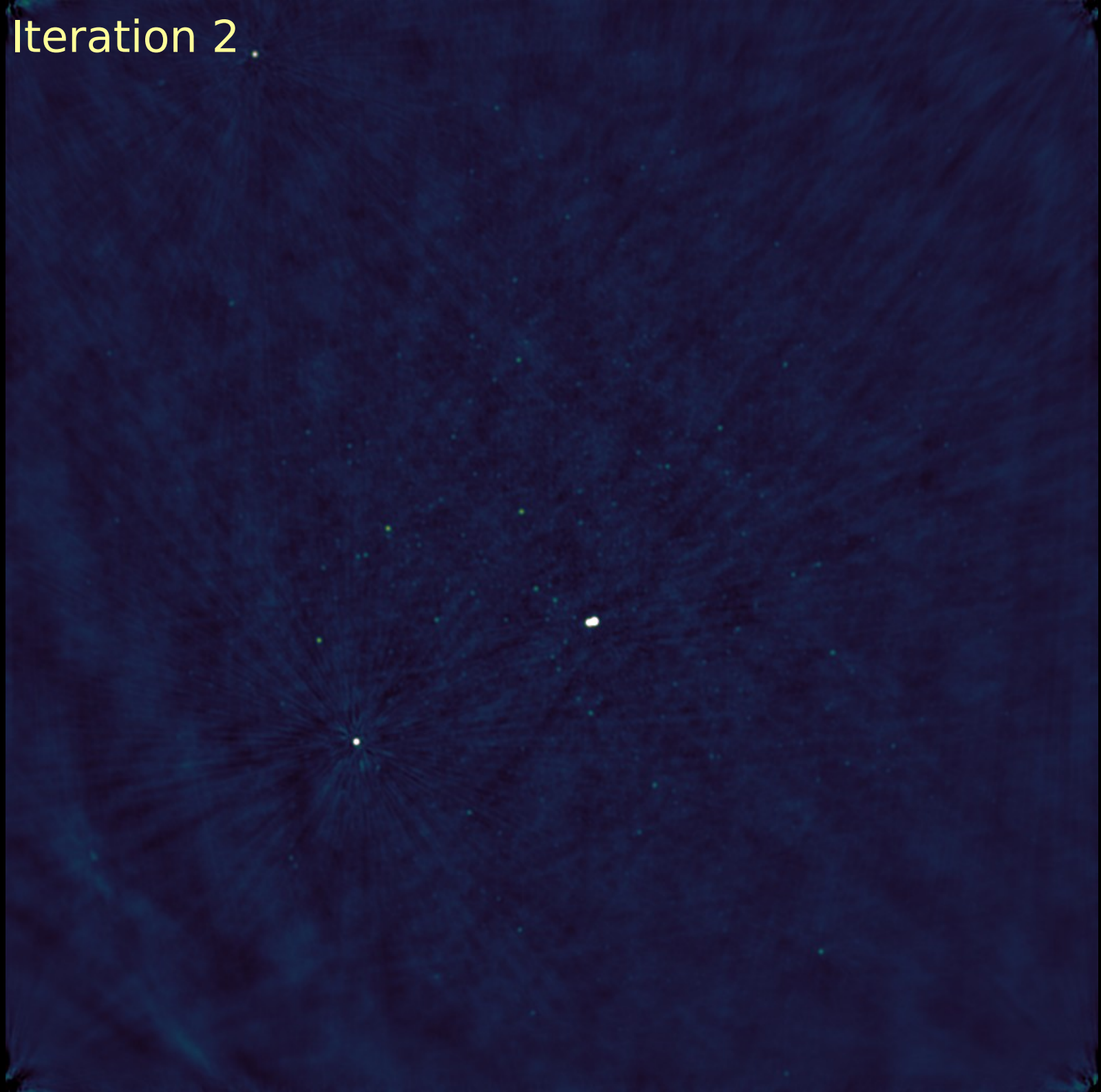
Iteration 0



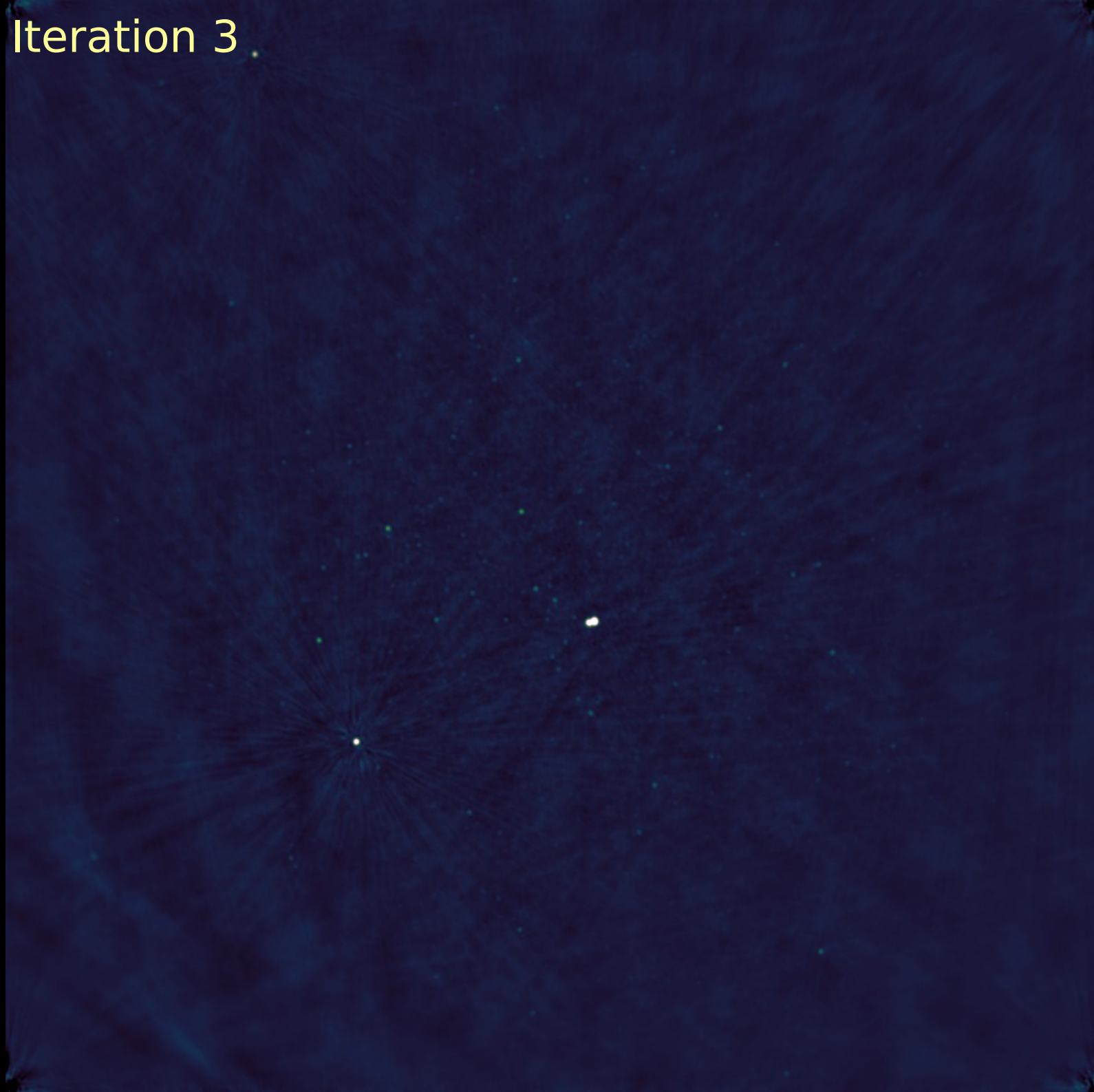
Iteration 1.



Iteration 2

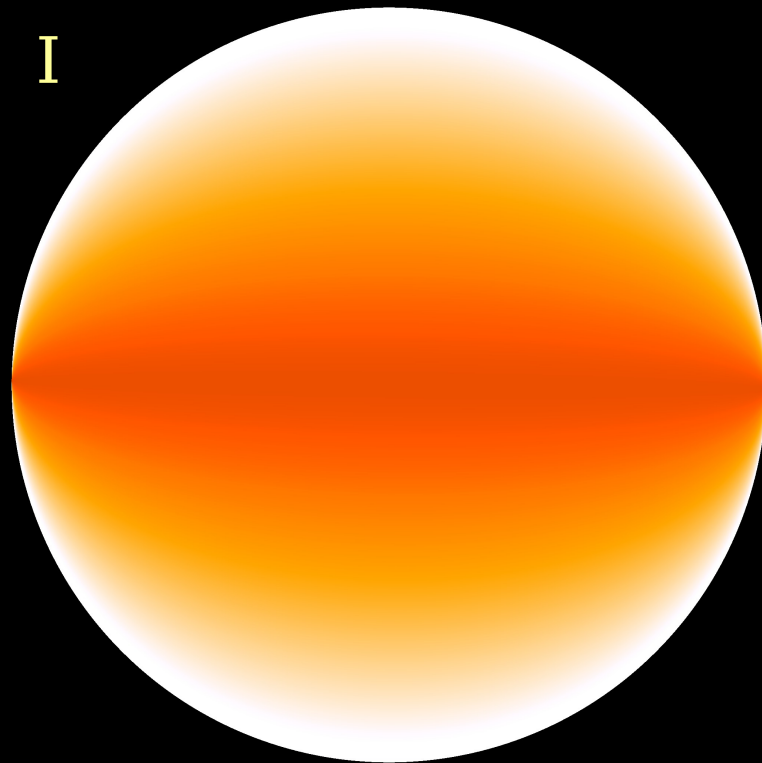


Iteration 3

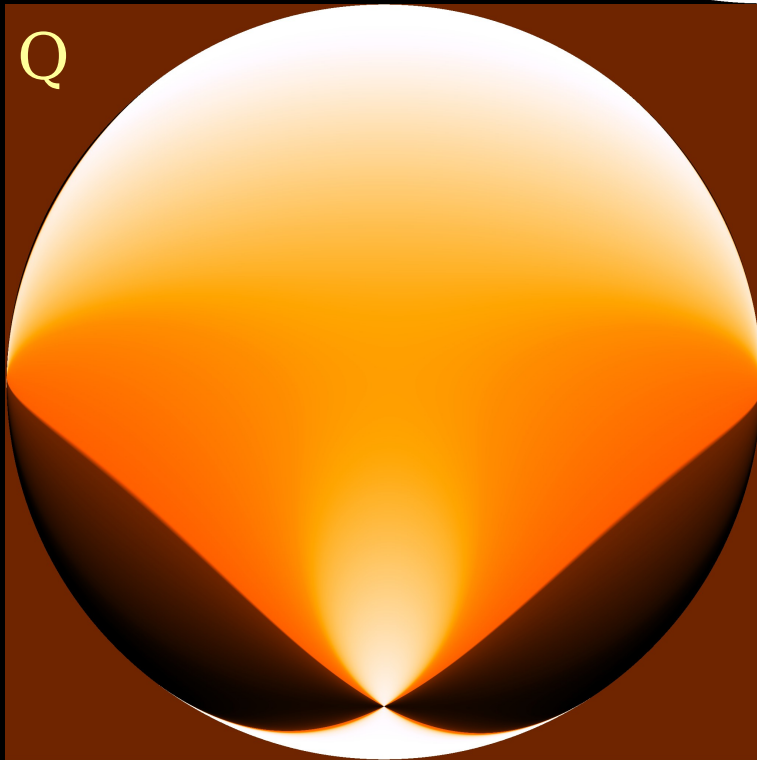


Dipole
Projection
Effects

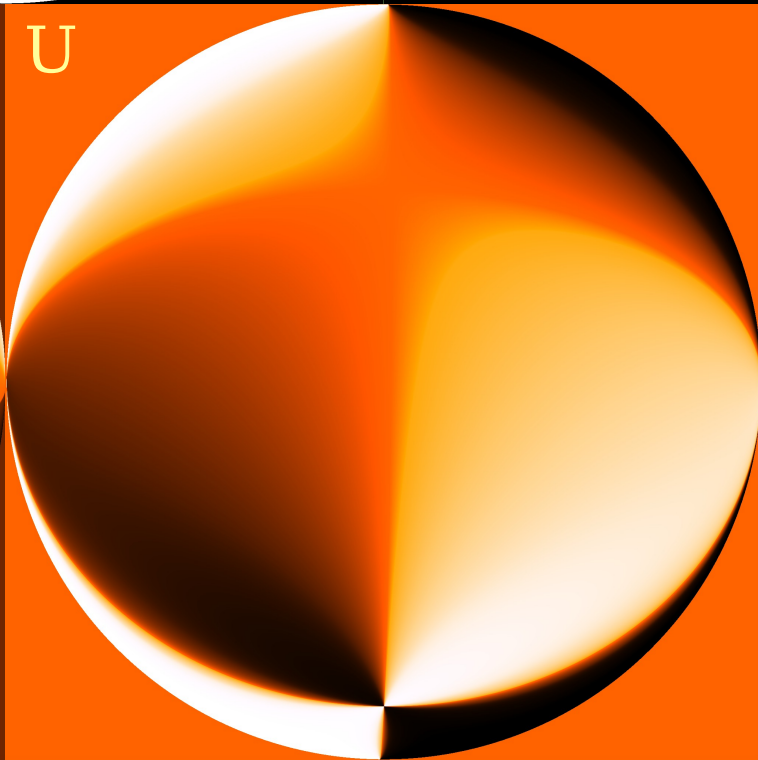
I



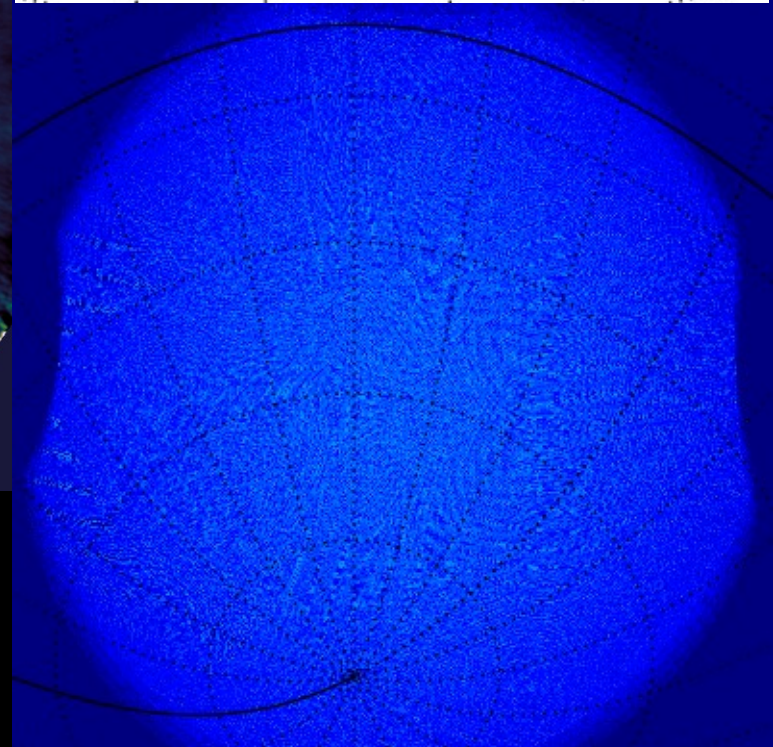
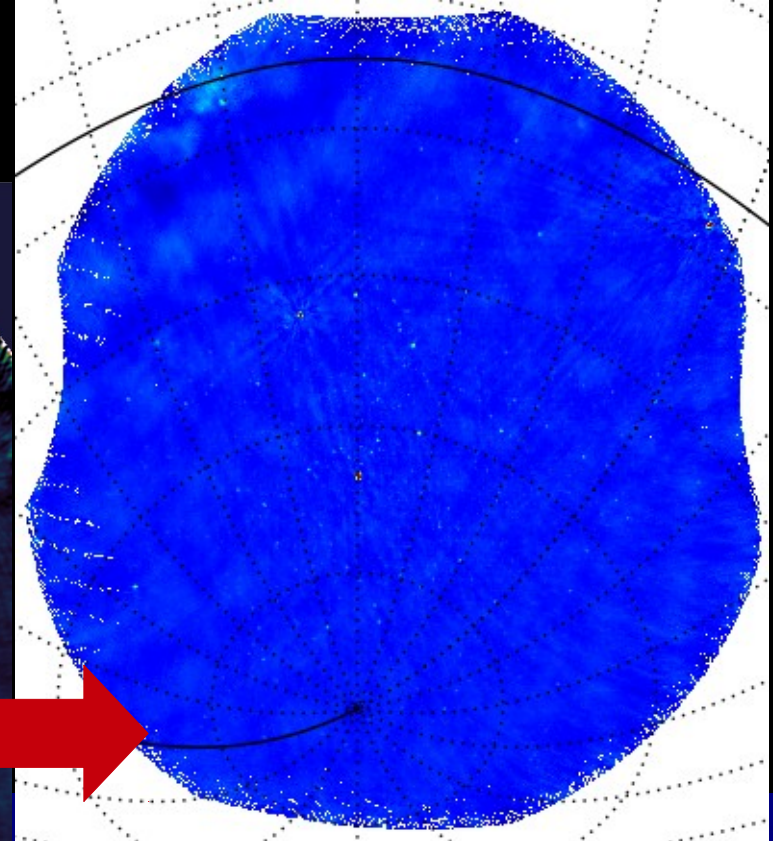
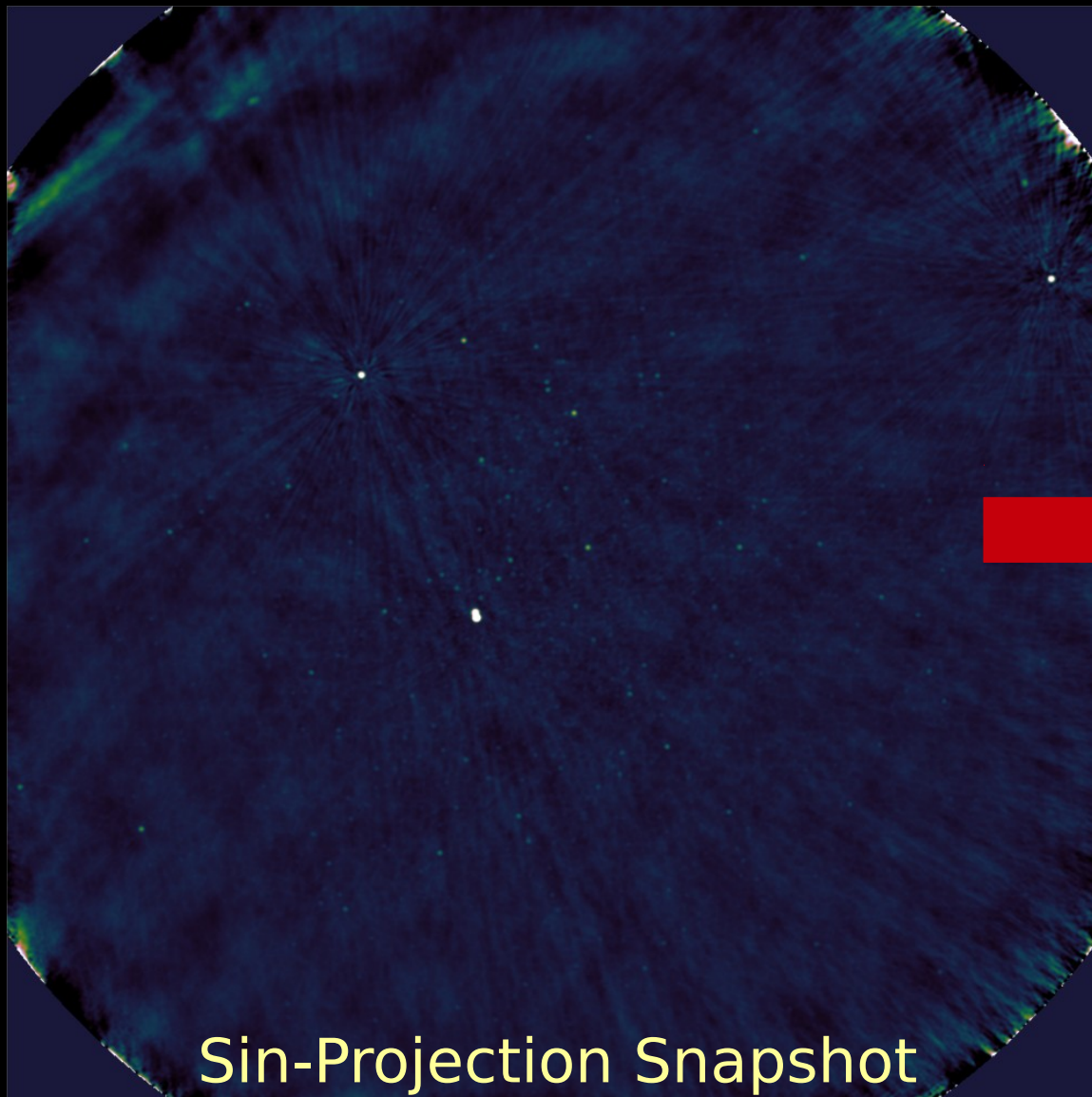
Q



U

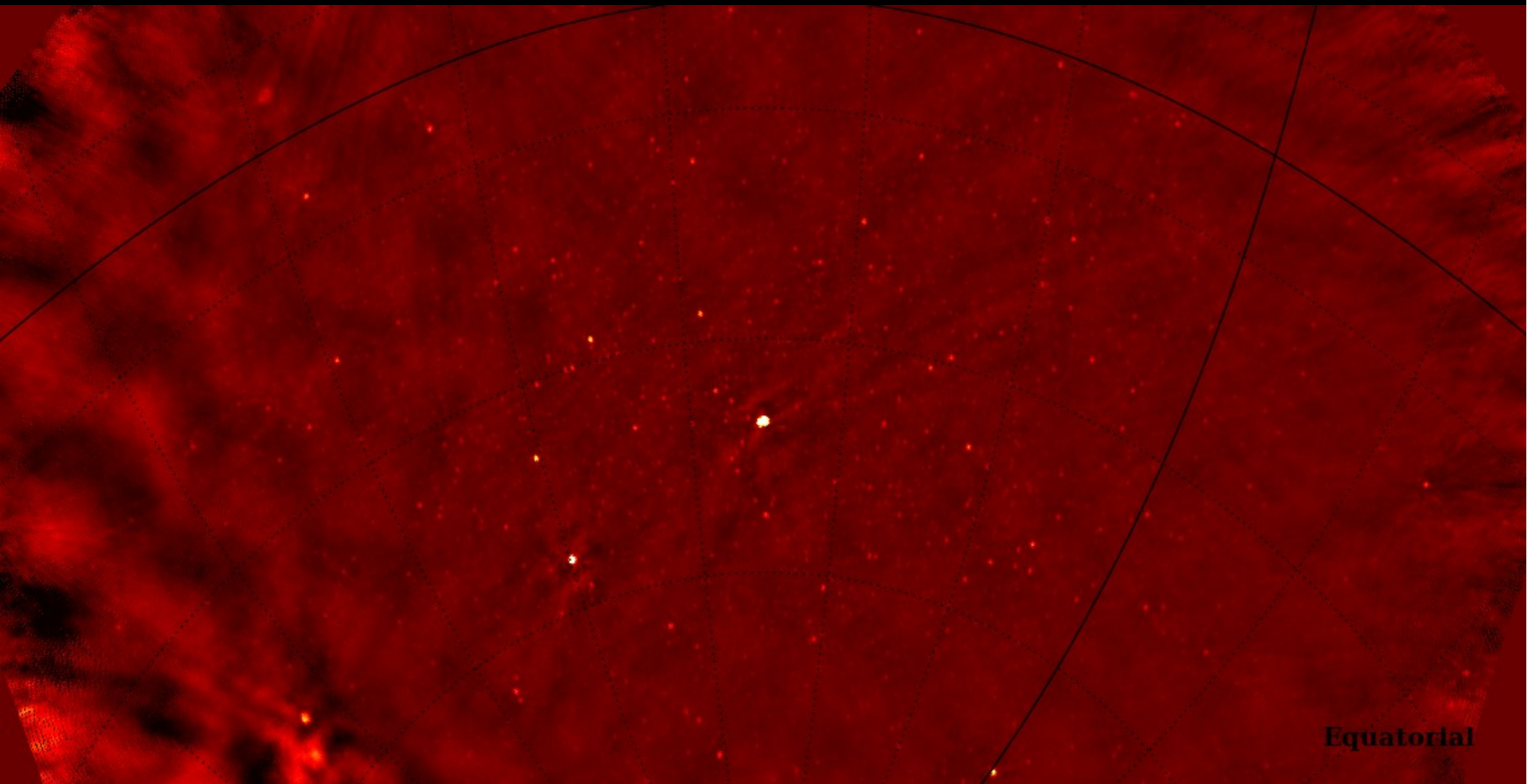


HEALpix Re-Gridding



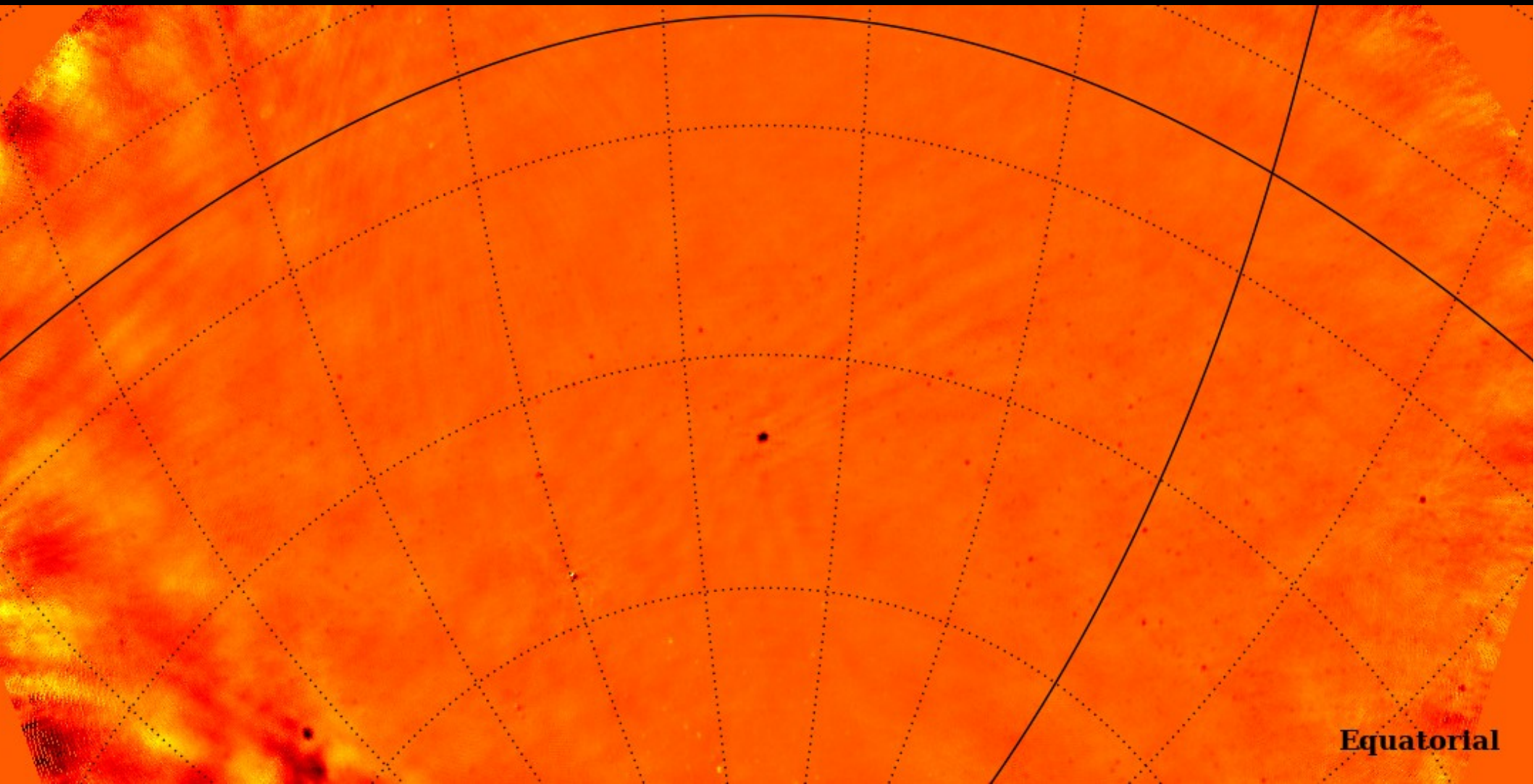
HEALpix Gridded Snapshot

HEALpix Weighting



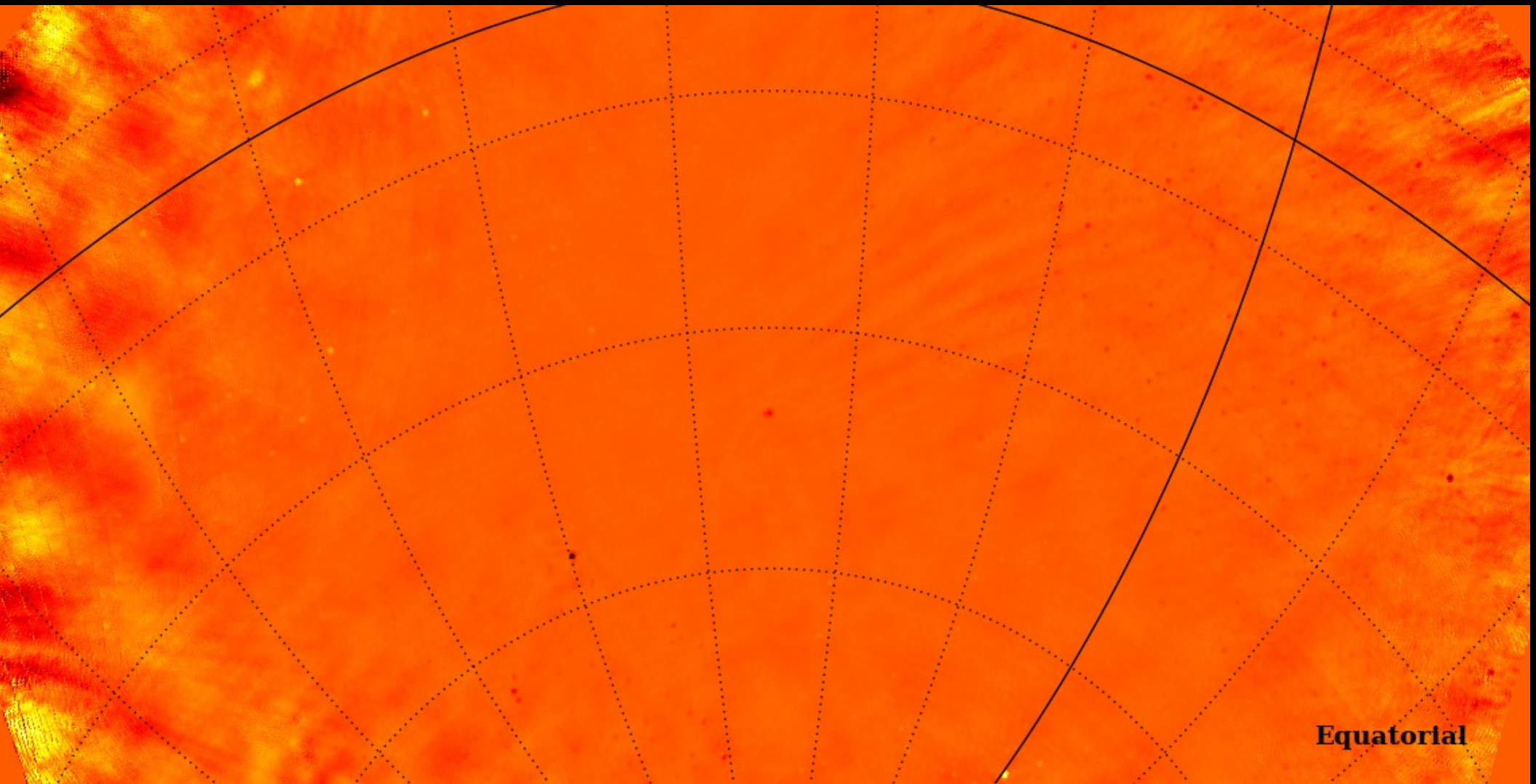
Stokes I

Equatorial



Stokes Q

Equatorial

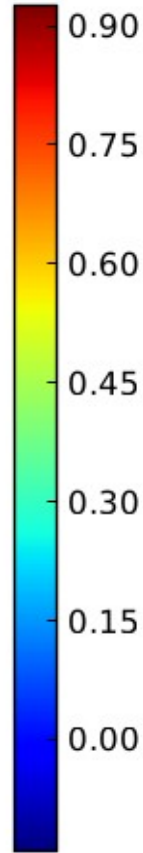
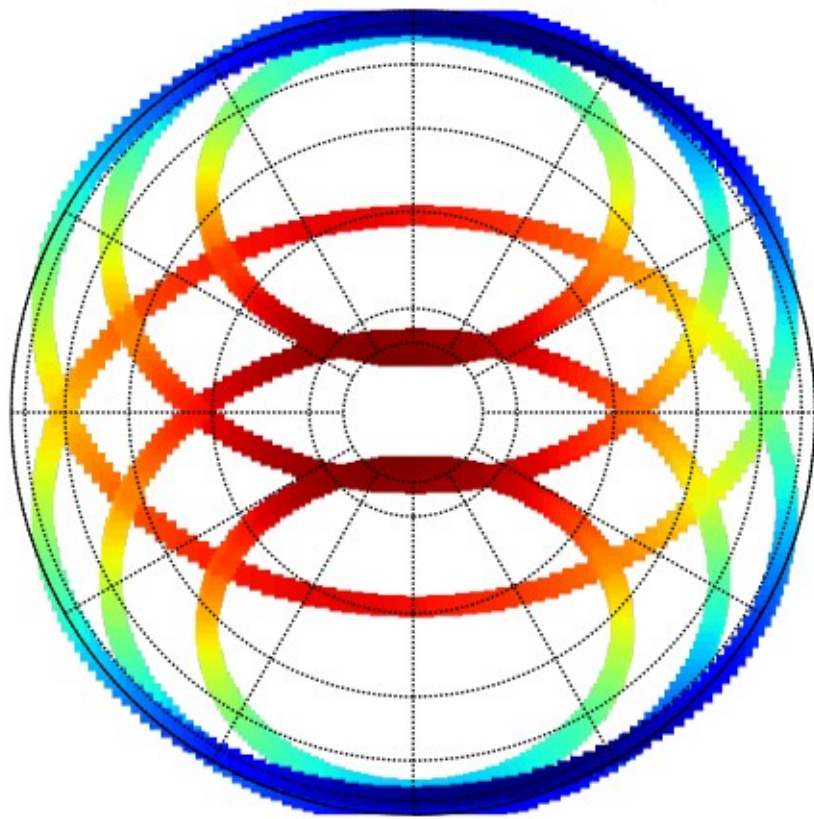


Equatorial

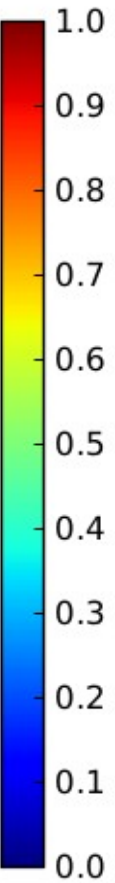
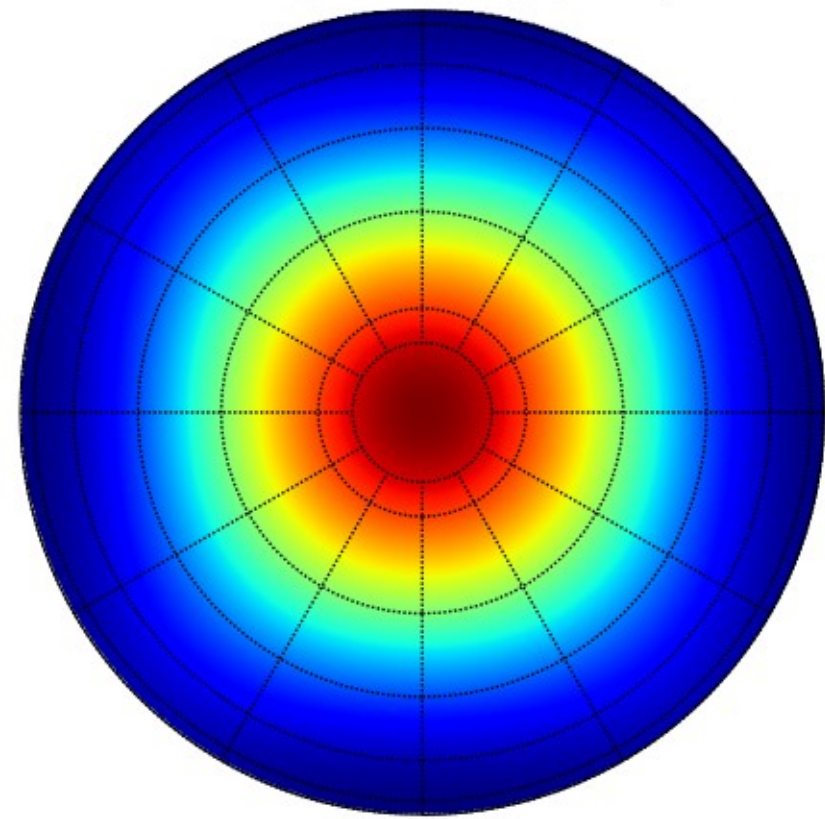
Stokes U

Primary Beam Measurement

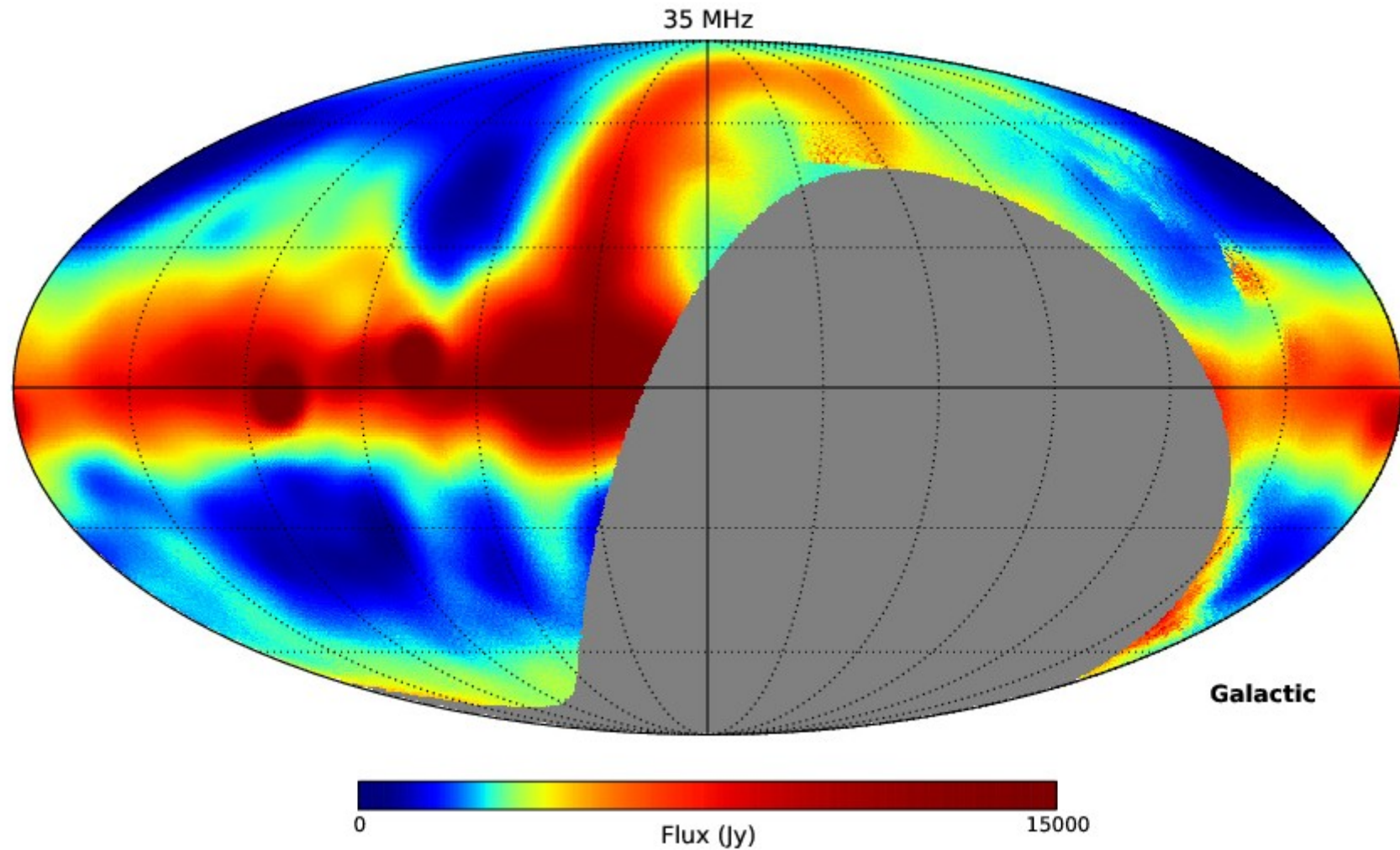
LBA Dipole Beam (60 MHz)



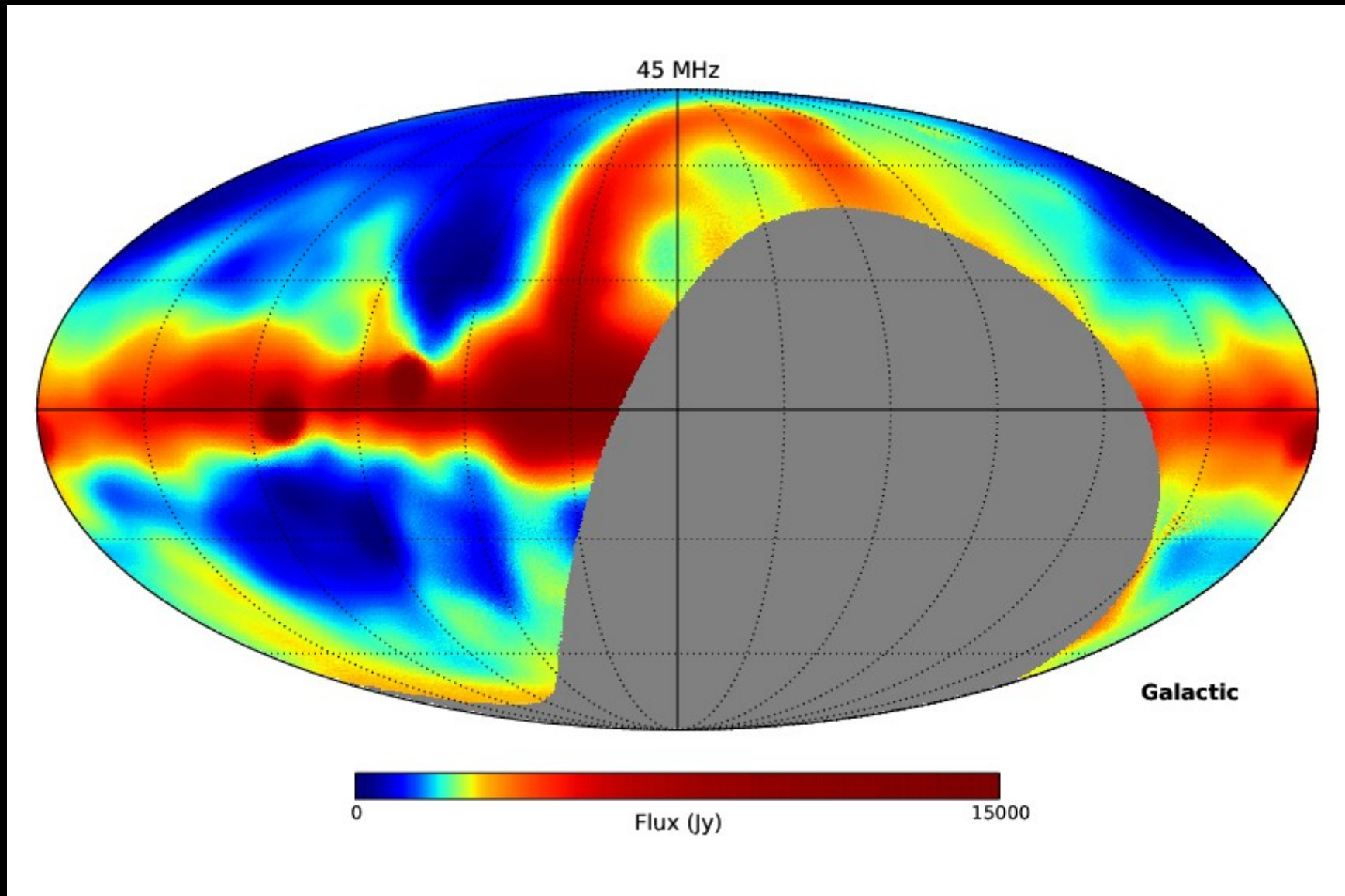
LBA Beam Model (60 MHz)



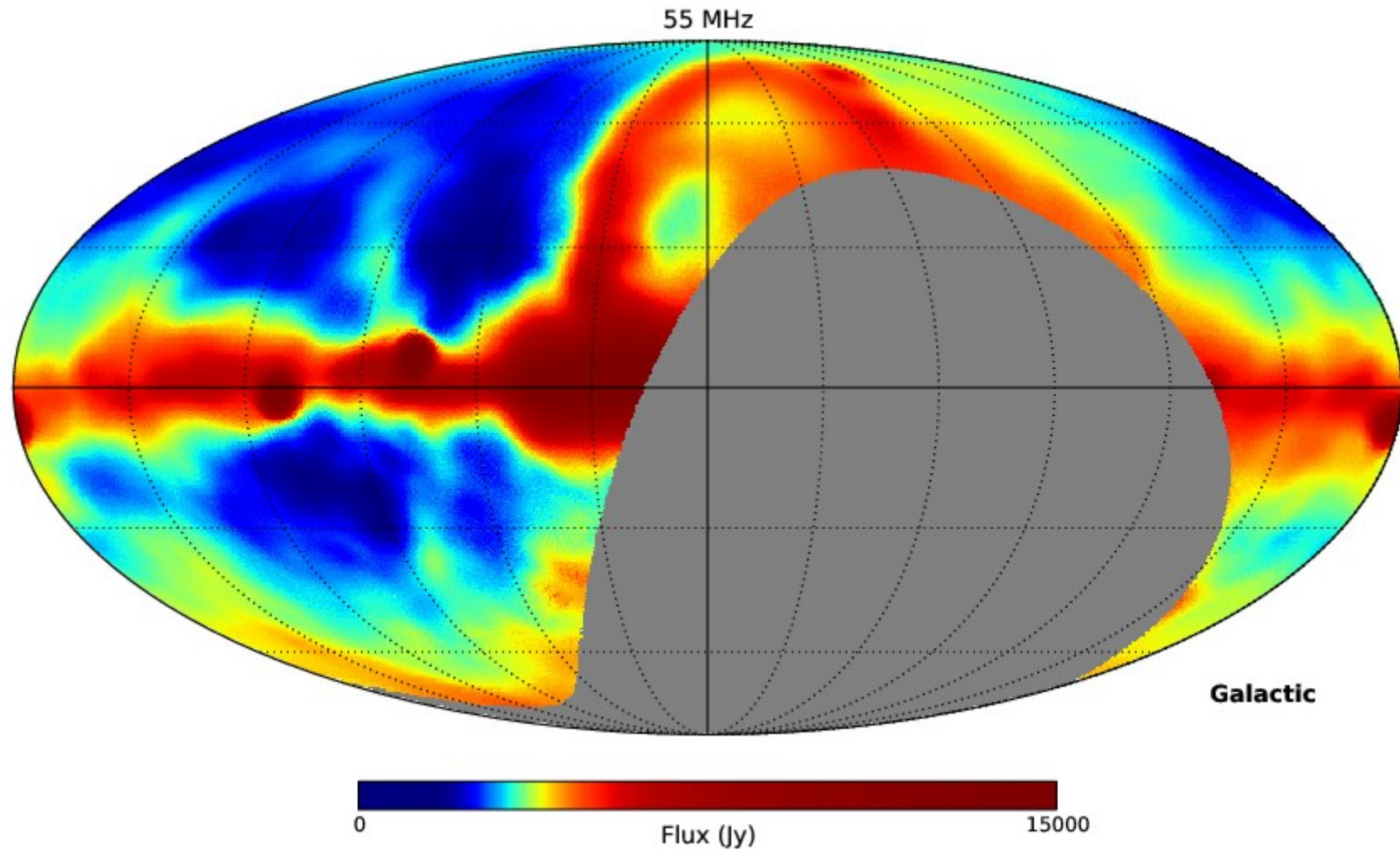
Extended galactic structure



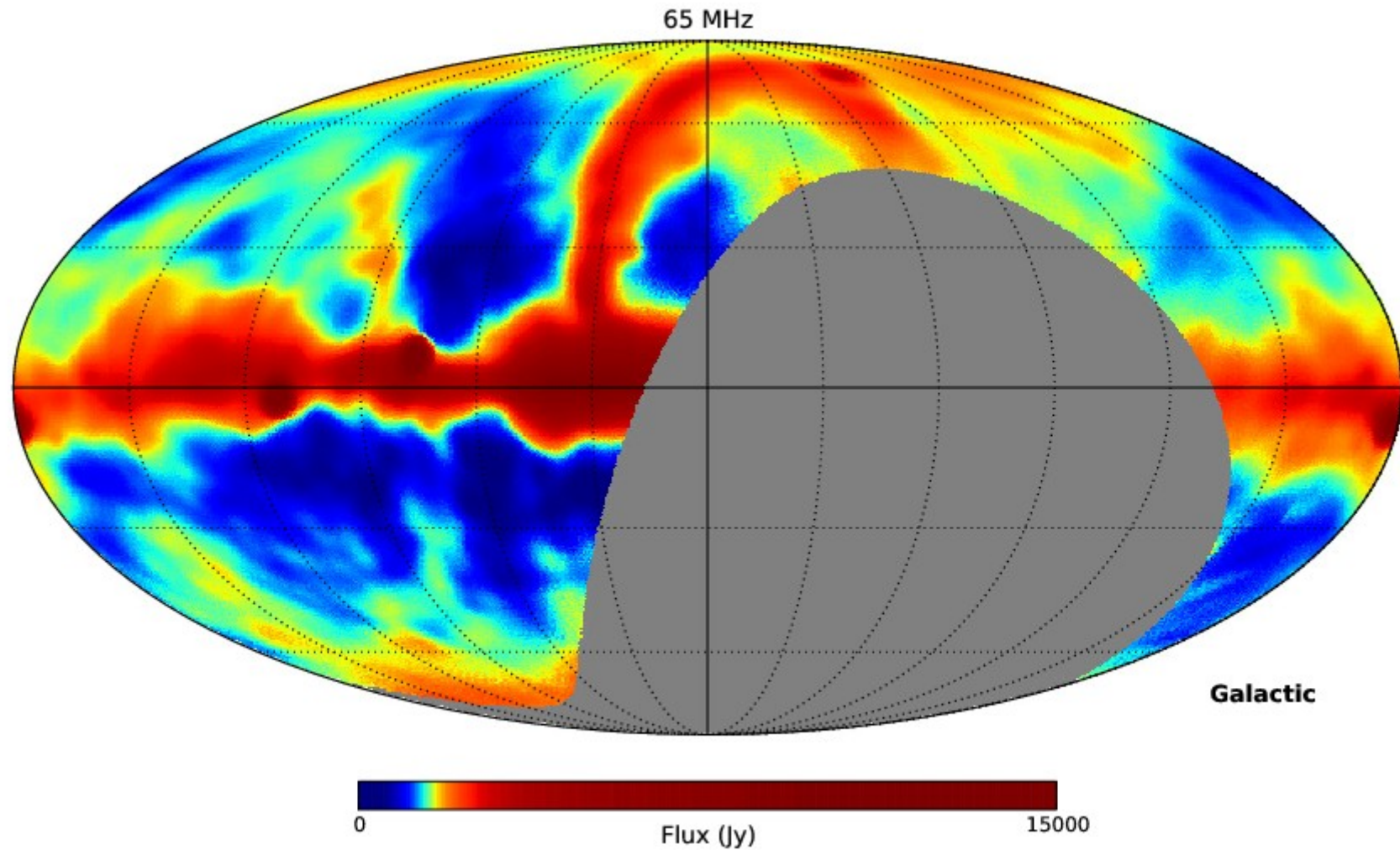
Extended galactic structure



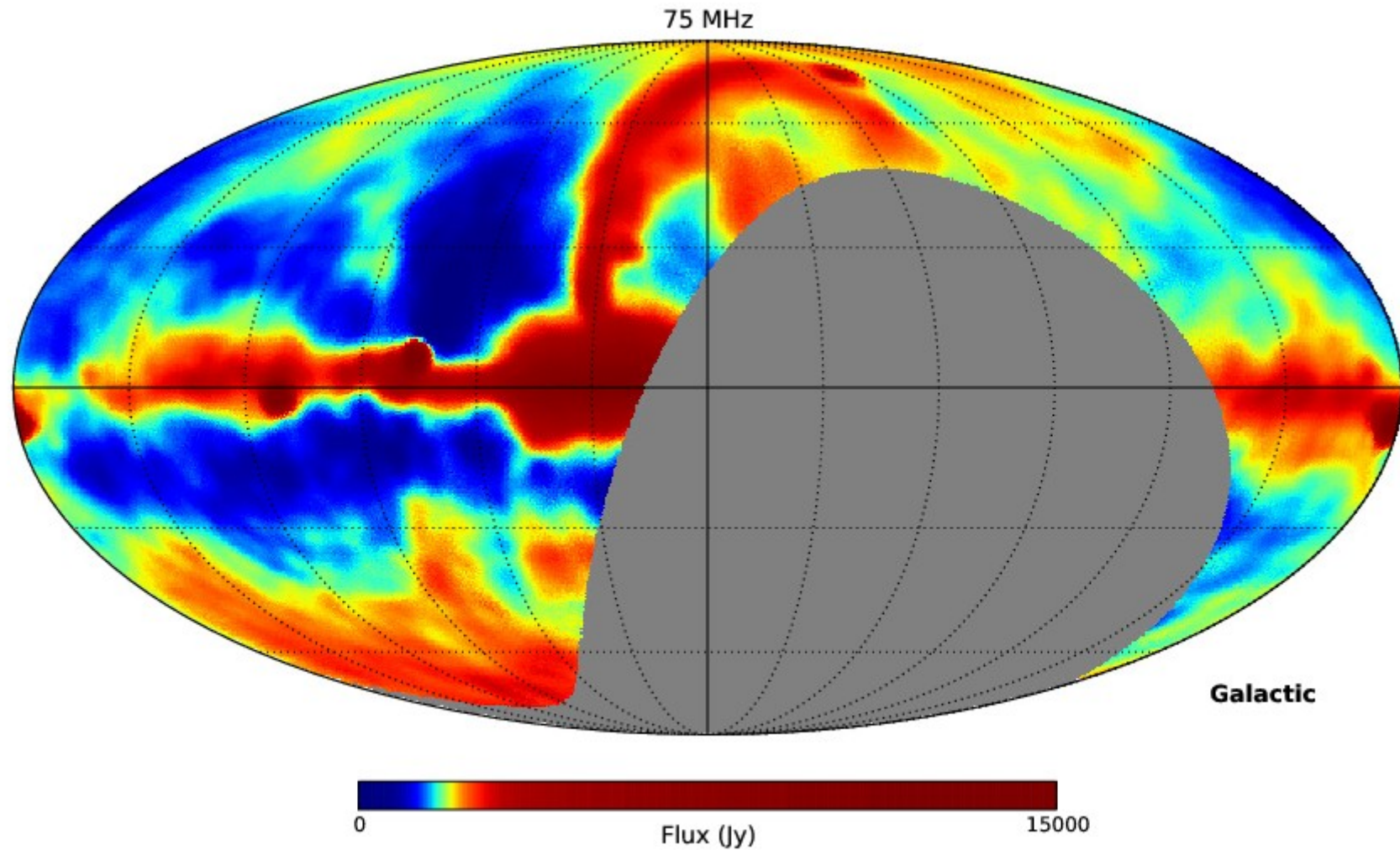
Extended galactic structure



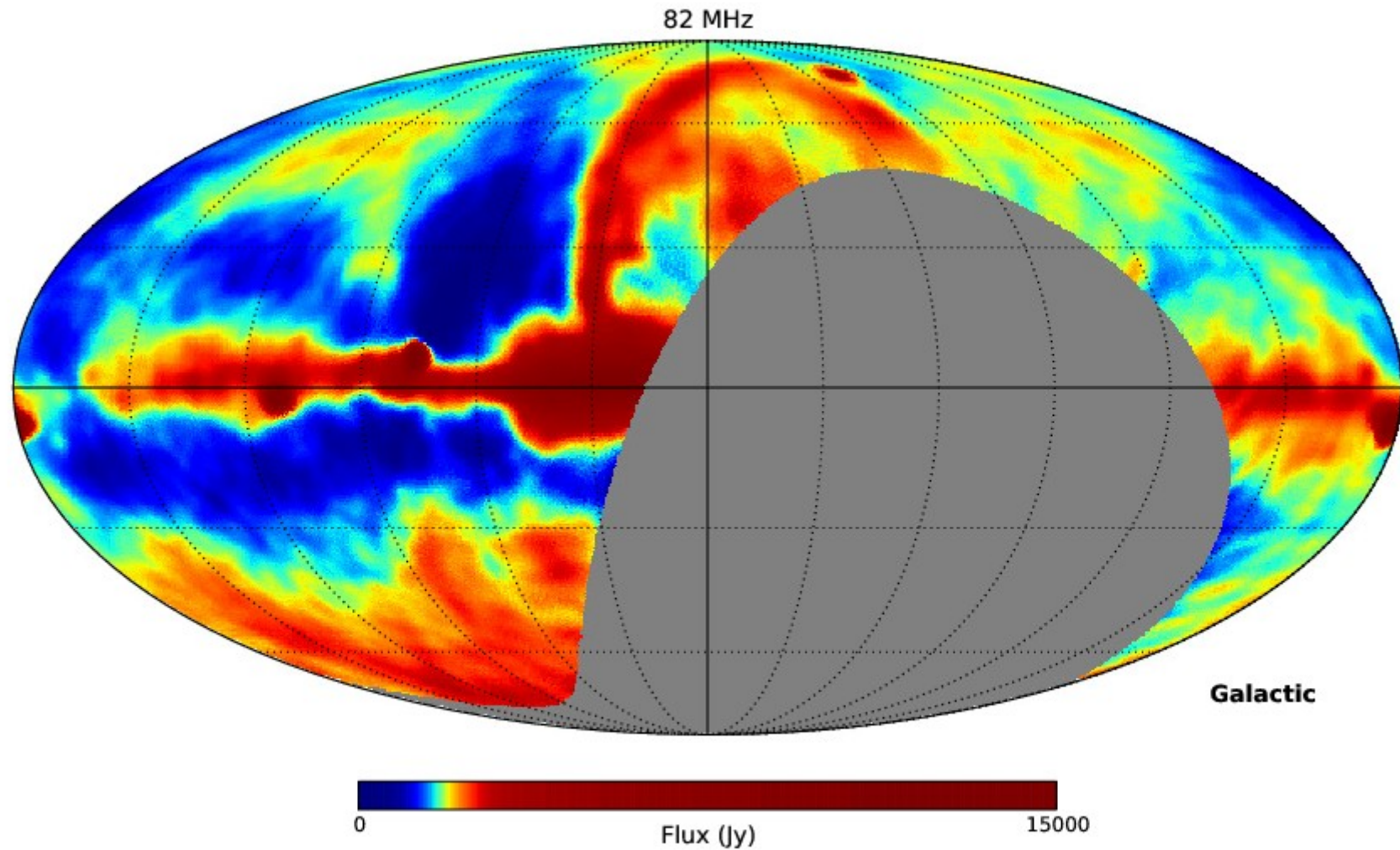
Extended galactic structure



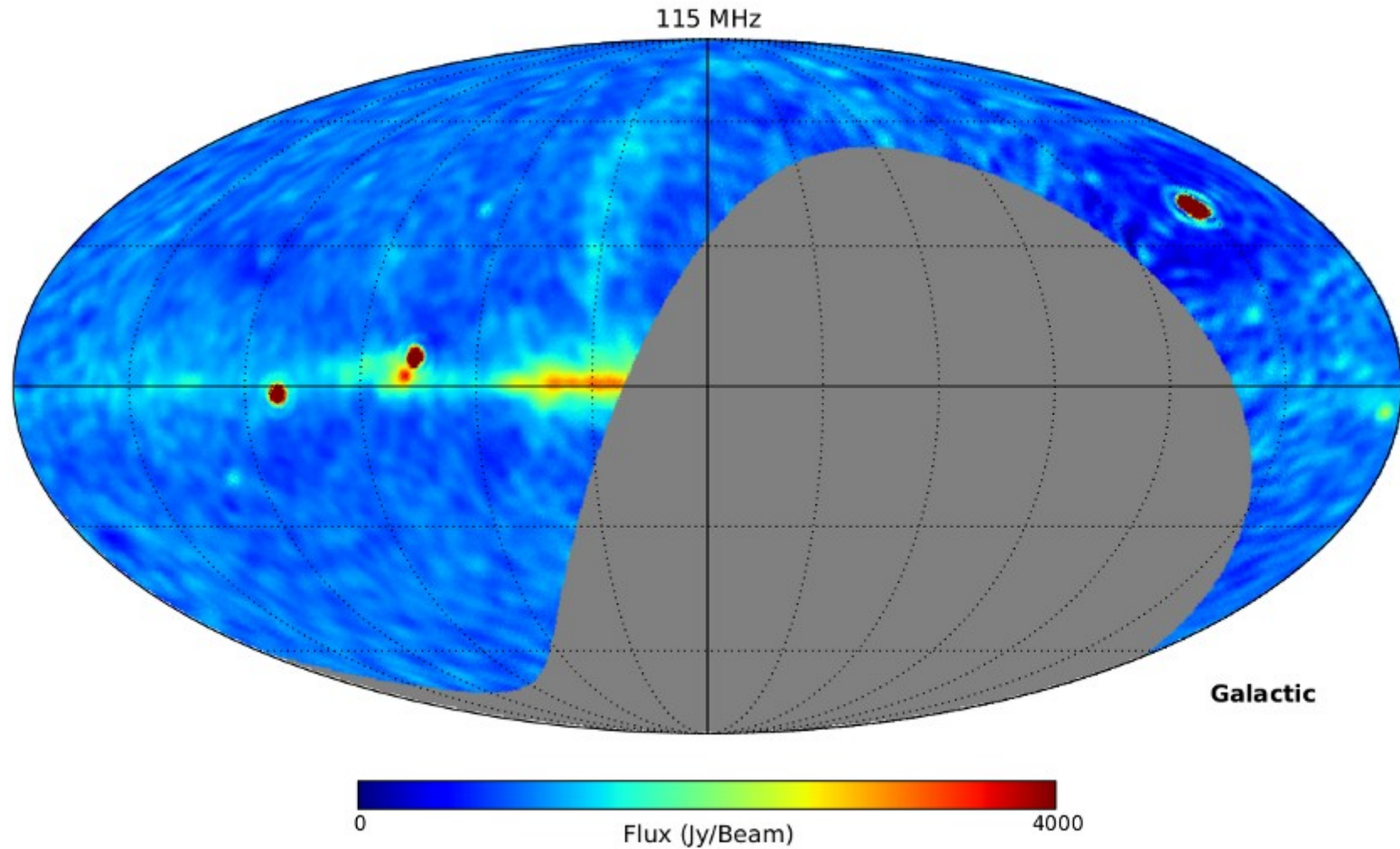
Extended galactic structure



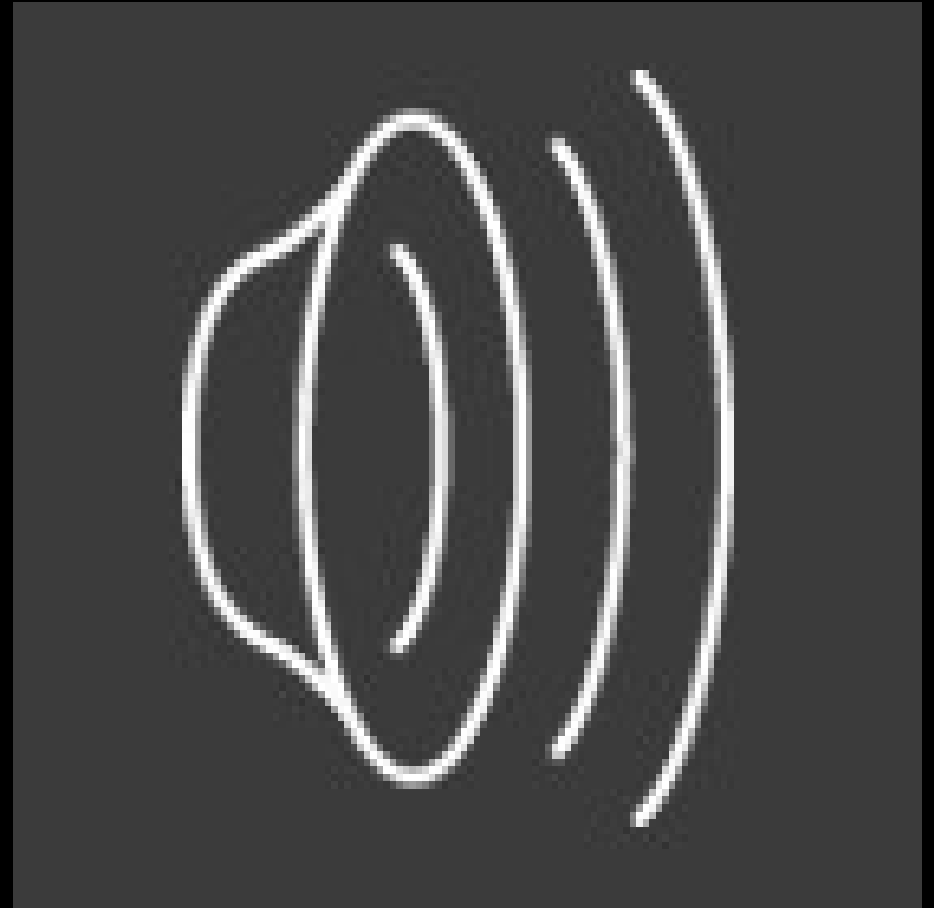
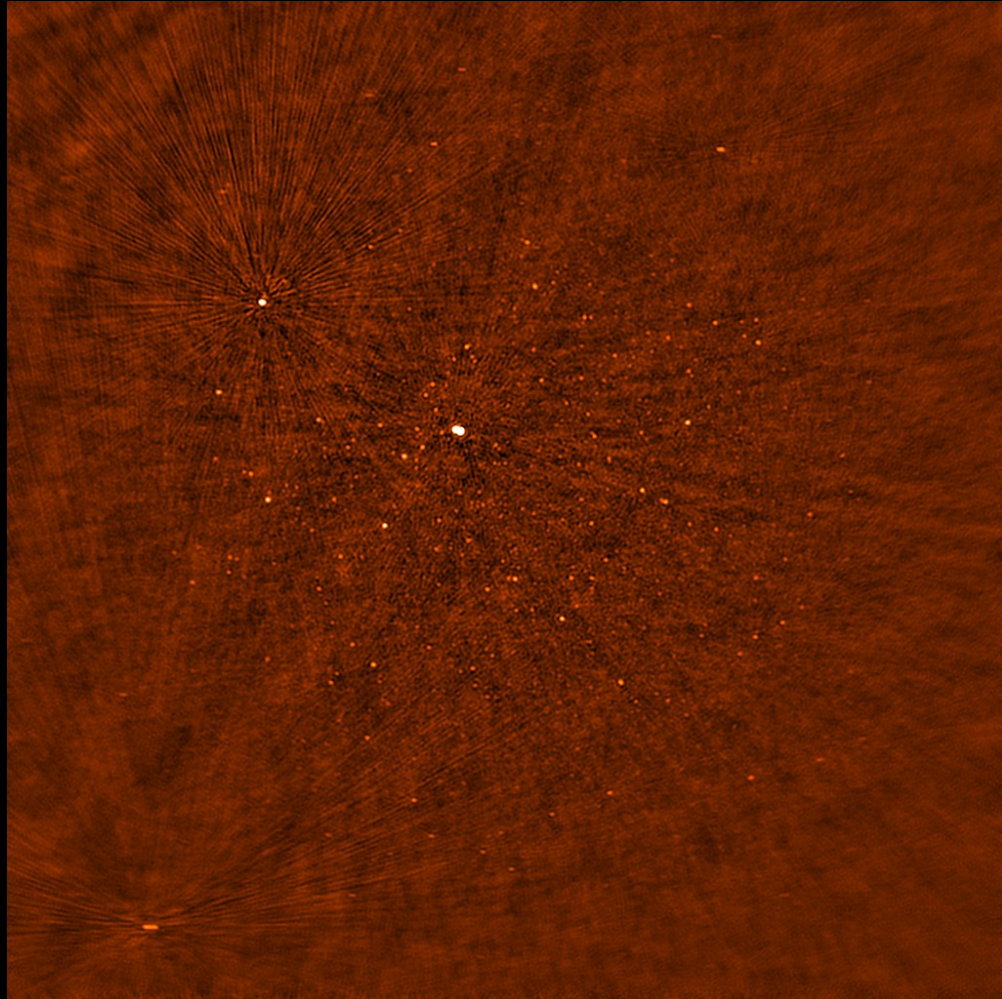
Extended galactic structure



Extended galactic structure



Breaking up into Subbands



Done.